

Notification of Department of Agriculture Re: Conditions for Import of Seed Potatoes from Israel B.E. 2552 (2009)

The Department of Agriculture has completed pest risk analysis for commercial importation of seed potatoes from Israel into Thailand. By virtue of the provisions of Section 8 and Section 10 of the Plant Quarantine Act B.E. 2507 (1964) amended by the Plant Quarantine Act (No. 3) B.E. 2551 (2008) with particular provisions that may restrict the right and freedom of any person in which Section 29 together with Section 32, Section 33, Section 41 and Section 43 of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand permits by virtue of the law. The Director-General of Department of Agriculture through the recommendation of the Plant Quarantine Committee, hereby announces the conditions that have to be met in order to import seed potatoes for propagation purpose from Israel into Thailand as follows:

1. Plant species

Seed potato, Solanum tuberosum

2. Quarantine pests of concern

A list of quarantine pests of current concern to Thailand for seed potatoes and associated soil from Israel is given in Appendix.

3. Responsible organizations

3.1	Thailand:	Department of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as DOA)
3.2	Israel:	Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Plant Protection and Inspection Services (hereinafter referred to as MARD-PPIS)

4. Accredited/Approved laboratories

Testing for seed potato certification and phytosanitary certification shall be performed by MARD-PPIS-operated laboratories.

5. Import permit

Import permit issued by DOA is required.

6. Means of conveyance

Seed potatoes shall be imported from a port in Israel to a designated port in Thailand by ship cargo or air cargo.

7. **Production areas**

Seed potatoes shall be produced in Israel, where the MARD-PPIS designated as production areas for export to Thailand and the DOA has approved prior to export.

8. **Production and certification**

- 8.1 Seed potatoes from Israel must be certified in accordance with the requirements of a recognized certification agency and recognized seed potato certification programs. MARD-PPIS is a recognized Certifying Authority of seed potatoes in Israel and is responsible to verify and certify seed potatoes export to Thailand under seed potato certification program of Israel to meet the phytosanitary requirements indicated in this Notification.
- 8.2 Seed potatoes shall be produced and, except specify, certified incompliance with the Regulations Regarding Growing Seed Potatoes under the Seed Law 1956.
- 8.3 Certifying Authority shall issue a seed potato certification tag only for seed potatoes that meet all phytosanitary requirements specified in this Notification. A seed potato certificate number shall be indicated on the seed potato certification tag and the Phytosanitary Certificate to enhance the capability for trace-back of identified problems on import seed potatoes.

9. **Requirements for soil**

- 9.1 Potato tubers shall be practically free of soil.
- 9.2 The weight of loose soil shall not exceed 100 g per 50 kg seed potatoes (equivalent to 0.2 % soil by weight). For caked soil, seed potatoes which have more than 20 % of the surface of the tuber with caked soil should not exceed 30 tubers in a 600 unit sample (equivalent to 5 %).

10. Requirements for quarantine nematodes

Seed potatoes shall be produced in fields free of nematodes of quarantine significance specified in this Notification, based on official surveillance.

11. Requirements for quarantine plant diseases caused by fungi

The tolerance level for powdery scab, *Spongospora subterranea*, should not exceed 2% of the tubers with a detectable level of powdery scab. A detectable level is five lesions or more per tuber.

12. Requirements for quarantine plant diseases caused by viruses

- 12.1 Seed potatoes shall be grown in potato fields which shall be visually inspected by inspectors of the Certifying Authority for virus diseases during growing season and shall be free of potato diseases caused by viruses of quarantine significance specified in Appendix, except those mentioned in Section 12.4. In addition, the threshold level for the total of all viruses other than viruses of quarantine significance shall not exceed 0.1 %.
- 12.2 In addition to visual inspection, it is required that seed potatoes shall be subjected to laboratory analysis according to the agreed upon protocol by approved laboratories for the percentage of *Potato virus Y* (PVY) and *Potato leaf roll virus* (PLRV) infection. The tolerance level for PVY and PLRV infection in potato tubers of identified fields should not exceed 4 %. Currently, the agreed upon testing methodology of PVY and PLRV on leave or sprouts is as follows.
 - 12.2.1 Leaf testing: Leaves for ELISA testing must be collected before spray down and must be analyzed by using the following procedures.
 - (a) The testing methodology involves of 300 leave from identified field (up to 10 hectares) bundled into 15 lots of 20 leave.
 - (b) The 15 tests will detect crops with viral infection level of <4 % with a probability at the 95 % confidence level. Six positive tests will result in rejection of the crop for export to Thailand.
 - 12.2.2 Sprout testing: Sprouts for ELISA testing must be analyzed by using the following procedures.
 - (a) The samples of 300 tubers from identified field (up to 10 hectares) are taken during harvesting or from the consignment. The eyes of the tubers are cut out and planted in a greenhouse.
 - (b) Samples of sprouts are separated into 15 lots of 20 sprouts. The 15 tests will detect crops with viral infection level of <4 % with a probability at the 95 % confidence level. Six

positive tests will result in rejection of the crop for export to Thailand.

- 12.3 Laboratory test report of PVY and PLRV infection on seed potatoes shall be kept by MARD-PPIS-operated laboratory and shall be made available to DOA upon request. Test report shall contain adequate information to assure traceability e.g. grower, supplier, seed potato certificate number, number of samples and results of analysis.
- 12.4 It is required that the tolerance level for visual symptoms of *Potato mop top virus* (PMTV) infection in seed potato tubers of identified fields should be nil.

13. Requirements for packing and labeling

- 13.1 Seed potatoes shall be packaged in bags that contain 25-50 kg, are new and closed after packing.
- 13.2 Each bag shall be affixed with a seed potato certification tag. The information labels on seed potato certification tag shall comply with MARD-PPIS's requirement.

14. Export inspection

- 14.1 The consignment of seed potatoes shall be inspected for export to Thailand prior to or during loading in the last mode of transportation. Following inspection, the container shall be immediately closed and sealed.
- 14.2 A Phytosanitary Certificate shall be issued only for the consignments that meet all phytosanitary requirements specified in this Notification.

15. Phytosanitary certification

- 15.1 A Phytosanitary Certificate must accompany with each consignment of seed potatoes from Israel.
- 15.2 A Phytosantiary Certificate shall bear the following additional declaration.

"The seed potatoes in this consignment were produced in Israel in accordance with the conditions governing entry of seed potatoes to Thailand."

15.3 Container number (for sea freight only) and seed potato certificate number of seed potatoes in every container must be recorded on the Phytosanitary Certificate.

16. Import inspection

- 16.1 When the consignments of seed potatoes arrive at the port of entry in Thailand, the import inspection shall be conducted after confirming the respective documents accompanying the consignments concerned.
- 16.2 DOA reserved the right to have the consignment re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses, if the certification does not conform to phytosanitary import requirements or seals on the containers are damaged.
- 16.3 If quarantine pests of Thailand concern as stipulate in Appendix are found or exceed acceptable tolerance level during import inspection, the infested consignment shall be either re-exported or destroyed at the importer's expenses. The DOA will notify the MARD-PPIS of the non-compliance and, depending on the circumstances, may temporarily suspend importation of that lot, farm, province or the whole country.
- 16.4 MARD-PPIS shall immediately investigate the cause of such incidence and propose corrective actions. Suspension of import will be lift when the cause of non-compliance has been clarified and corrective actions have been implemented to the satisfaction of DOA.
- 16.5 If any live organism of potential quarantine concern to Thailand not list in Appendix is found, the consignment shall be re-exported, destroyed or treated with an appropriated treatment (if available) at the importer's expenses. The DOA reserved the right to temporary suspension of import from the identified pathway until a risk assessment of intercepted organisms is determined.
- 16.6 Although the consignments of seed potatoes have been released from port of entry, if there is a reasonable ground from available evidence to believe that seed potatoes imported from certain production sites are likely to be contaminated with quarantine pests, seed potatoes shall be withheld from planting and subjected to appropriate phytosanitary measures to prevent the pests spread under DOA supervision. The costs of such action shall be borne by the importer.
- 16.7 It is the requirement that the importer shall promptly provide DOA upon request a list of growers and planting areas of importing seed potatoes. In addition, field survey shall be immediately carried out by plant quarantine officials if there is a reasonable ground to believe that quarantine pests associated with importing seed potatoes may be present in potato fields. The costs of such survey shall be borne by the importer.

17. Audit of export procedures

17.1 The export of seed potatoes from production areas indicated in Section 7 in Israel to Thailand shall only be initiated after the DOA has already audited

export certification procedures. The costs of such audits must be borne by Israel.

17.2 In the event of a suspension of import, DOA may audit export certification procedures in Israel prior to a decision being taken on resumption of import. Where DOA has determined that such audits are necessary, the costs of these audits must be borne by Israel.

Effective on this date henceforth.

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Issued on

June B.E. 2552 (2009)

Mr. Somchai Charnnarongkul

Director-General Department of Agriculture

Appendix

List of quarantine pests of seed potatoes and associated soil from Israel attached to the Notification of Department of Agriculture Re: Conditions for Import of Seed Potatoes from Israel B.E. 2552 (2009)

Scientific name	Common name
Plant Pathogens	
Nematodes	
Ditylenchus dipsaci (potato race)	stem and bulb nematode
Fungi	
Spongospora subterranea	powdery scab
Viruses	
Alfalfa mosaic virus (AMV)	alfalfa yellow spot
Potato mop top virus (PMTV)	potato mop-top
Tobacco rattle virus (TRV)	spraing of potato
Tobacco streak virus (TSV)	stunt of asparagus
Tomato spotted wilt virus (TSWV)	tomato spotted wilt
Phytoplasmas	
Aster yellows phytoplasma group	

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[•] UNOFFICIAL TRANSLATION

[•] This is an English translation. In case of any difference in meaning between the Thai text and the English translation, the Thai text shall be applied.